



THE ALPHASHOW OF

Beauty and the Beast

ALPHASHOWS Pre-Show Activities

This guide contains classroom activities for use BEFORE the Alpha show of 'Aladdin'. For ease-of-use and duplication, it might be easier to download these documents from the website <http://www.alphashows.com.au/downloads/>

**[Photocopy / print / email this document
and give to all teachers BEFORE the show day]**

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ABOUT THE PRE SHOW ACTIVITIES

Alpha honours and highly respects the work that all your teachers do with children and we can only hope that our brief visit at your school will help to brighten your day, and help to make learning and the classroom fun. Teachers have a phenomenal capacity and we look forward to meeting you and your children and being at your school. We believe in peak states, happiness, high energy and enthusiasm in general being the most effective ways of learning, we sincerely hope that the show is useful to you in that and many other ways.

THE OUTCOME

ALPHASHOWS' outcome for our performances in schools are:

- ◆ To provide an intense, memorable, high quality and high impact musical, that engages children the entire time. We hope to give them an experience of what 'theatre' is that encourages further participation in arts and theatre in the future.
- ◆ To bring a marvellous tradition, namely 'pantomime', to new Australian audiences and update the format for the 21st century. This means we honour the traditions of pantomime, such as villains, hilarious characters, "behind you" gags and audience participation, but include modern references, songs and ideas, and stories that are traditional yet modern.
- ◆ To give the most talented young performers a chance to perform in a large cast of six to a 'tough' audience – namely children – and have them give a real experience of 'being a performer' to children by answering questions and generally being happy, accessible, fun and cooperative with children and teachers.
- ◆ To provide the most outstanding role models within the stories and ideas of how to be most effective in our world in general. We hope to impart these ideas and to promote discussion by finding ways to reach children in subtle, subconscious ways.
- ◆ To provide a launching pad for creativity, writing, drama, music, and fun in the classroom. To create enthusiasm and encourage children to be in the peak state for learning.
- ◆ To have 'arts for arts' sake that has been shown time and time again to be equally as important as all other Key Learning Areas (Essential Learning Standards), and having a measurable impact on improving results of those other KLAs.
- ◆ More specifically, to provide art that is not sub-standard or 'less' because it is aimed at children, but art that is of the very highest quality possible within the constraints of a touring production. Alpha shows also tour directly into theatres – you have chosen to bring real theatre to your school.
- ◆ To continue to do this in as many schools as possible year after year with a brand new show; to condition and reinforce our other outcomes so it isn't just a one-off but an annual tradition that results in a measurable progression of consciousness and awareness in children and adults; an event that invigorates the entire community!

ABOUT THE SHOW 'BEAUTY AND THE BEAST'

OVER ARCHING VALUES THEME:

BELIEFS and SELF-IMAGE

Alpha's Beauty and the Beast has been performed to almost 100,000 children. Almost all shows have been performed with the Managing Director (and Tour Manager) Ben Jackson personally in attendance, and as part of the cast. Ben has performed to almost 300,000 children with Alpha and also to approximately 100,000 children with this and other shows in the UK. As a result of being in front of so many children, he and the company has a huge amount of experience understanding and recognising patterns within schools, how your children relate, how to engage them and help them to grow and contribute beyond themselves. In 2009, Ben with Alpha's Artistic Director Katja Glieson rewrote the show, keeping what was great and increasing the drama and impact from the parts of the show that from our new level of experience we knew we could make better; the combination of a long history of performing this show and the constant focus on improving to ensure it remains relevant and engaging, the show has been thoroughly tested and proven (over years and years of touring) to spawn amazing creativity, life-long memories, sub-conscious learning of empowering behaviours about beliefs and a strong anchor to emotional states that transfer to your school and teachers! We hope this guide helps you make even more out of the show for days afterwards – the extra impact it can have is up to you back in the classroom!

QUICK SYNOPSIS – Belle is a bit out of place in the village she lives in with her father – and dreams of seeing the world. Gaston plans to marry Belle – the most beautiful girl in the village, but before he has a chance to kidnap her father to blackmail Belle she gets lost in the woods with her dog Scooter when she goes to find her father who has been taken prisoner by the Beast. Belle kindly and heroically offers to swap places with her father, and the Beast agrees. With the help of Luminaire (the Candlestick), Timeson (the Clock), Mrs Potts (the Teapot), the Beast finally shows his loving and kind side after saving her life from wolves, and Belle falls in love with the Beast but does not say so until Gaston arrives to 'rescue' Belle only to injure the Beast in a fight. As the Beast is dying, Belle cries that she loves the Beast and he transforms into the Prince he once was.

How the show addresses our outcomes:

- ◆ Beauty and the Beast is our original show – it is ultra slick in terms of story, script, plot, characterisation & pace. It also has different parts that will appeal differently to various age groups & genders – allowing 'down time' for some as well. Children seeing this show will hopefully want to see more. A phenomenal cast of 6, that are all very enthusiastic and keen to be with children.
- ◆ Beauty and the Beast is focussed on fun but also contains a closed eye process for the children to experience the consequences and ramifications of believing certain negative things about yourself and others. It gives them a chance to learn from the Beast's example and shift limiting beliefs into more empowering ones.
- ◆ A phenomenal cast of 6, that are all very enthusiastic and keen to be with children.
- ◆ Beauty and the Beast is focussed on showing more than stereotypical 'panto' characters – it's ultimate focus is on self-image and the differences between inner and outer beauty.
- ◆ Beauty and the Beast will provide a wealth of visual and auditory stimulation, and has elements designed to condition peak states that are both kinetically intense and also quietly intent.
- ◆ Our original set and costumes, with some elements having been updated for 2006. We have made the most impactful and magical staging effects possible whilst still being a 'tour-able' production.

The content is delivered through a wide range of engaging and accessible dramatic techniques: including, of course, pantomime-styled sequences, physical comedy, audience interaction in the form of questions, witty dialogue with humour that appeals to children (including the occasional bit of toilet humour!), stylised movement, choreography, modern music interweaved in the story, dramatic lighting and effects, high quality sound and sound effects, magnificent costumes and big realistic sets.

PRE-SHOW ACTIVITIES

➔ Fairy Tales, Folk Tales and other Stories

Learning Area: Literacy

Outcome: To create an understanding of the origins of fairytales and classic stories, and to dispel myths about the common held beliefs about where these stories originated from. To connect children in with the archetypal nature of these stories to ensure they have a strong connection to the show in advance. To explore stories from different cultures

Materials: Discussion in classroom and the internet

Information:

Fairy tale, or wonder tale, is a kind of folktale or fable. In these stories we meet witches and queens, giants and elves, princes, dragons, talking animals, ogres, princesses, and sometimes even fairies. Marvellous and magical things happen to characters in fairy tales. A boy may become a bird. A princess may sleep for a hundred years. Objects too can be enchanted — mirrors talk, pumpkins become carriages, and a lamp may be home to a genie.

The oldest fairy tales were told and retold for generations before they were written down. French fairy tales, like Sleeping Beauty were the first to be collected and written down, but now we can read fairy tales from almost any culture. When these stories were studied together, something amazing was discovered. From countries as distant and different as Egypt and Iceland similar fairy tales are told. Both Egypt and Iceland have "Cinderella" stories, as do China, England, Korea, Siberia, France, and Vietnam; and the list doesn't stop there. There may be a thousand versions of the Cinderella story, each with a unique telling which carries cultural information about the time and place the story was told. One thing is for sure; people everywhere like stories in which truth prevails over deception, generosity is ultimately rewarded, hard work overcomes obstacles, and love, mercy and kindness are the greatest powers of all.

Activity: Read old folk stories or fairy tales and then ask children to retell them in a modern setting.

Interesting Web Addresses Relating to Fairy Tales, Folk Tales and other Stories:

Alpha Shows Website

<http://www.alphashows.com.au>

Interactive Grimm Brothers Website

<http://www.grimmfairytales.com/en/main>

Aesop's Fables

<http://www.umass.edu/aesop>

Australian Aboriginal Dreamtime Stories

<http://www.dreamtime.net.au/dreaming/storylist.htm>

Native American stories

<http://www.ilhawaii.net/~stony/loreindx.html>

➔ **Discuss the fairytale of 'Beauty and the Beast'**

Learning Area: Literacy

Outcome: To provide an expanding awareness of fairytales & myths and their origins and purpose

Materials: Discussion in classroom and writing

Information:

Our version of the story stems from the ancient fairytale but obviously bringing Alpha's well-loved style to the classic – with new characters, a lot of fun and music. It also includes some of the characters that are similar to the more modern versions of the story (ie. Disney) without which the children would be somewhat dissatisfied! Try to cover the fact that the Disney version isn't the "real" or "original" version of the story, and that might help to expand their understanding of where stories originate from and also eliminate silly questions like "Where's the clock" (the clock is a character in the Disney version).

You can briefly touch on inner and outer beauty, and how our behaviour (such as the Prince turning away the ugly beggar woman) can have lasting effects in our lives; the universal truth of what 'goes around comes around'. New behaviours lead to new results, and the Beast turns his life around by living with love, opposed to fear and hatred.

Explore and fully understand the genre of pantomime with your children, and ensure nobody will assume it's going to be a certain way eg. "like the movie" etc. The point is that we try to bring a NEW musical adaptation of a well-known story, that involves the audience and creates a memorable experience. Explore the value of doing this with your children, and how using theatre and the pantomime genre helps bring new life to classic stories.

For one version of the fairytale, go to: <http://www.pitt.edu/~dash/beauty.html>

Activity:

Discuss the elements of the fairytale, the characters etc, to familiarise your children with the various elements.

➔ Question Time

Learning Area:

Literacy / Theatre / Music / Performing Arts / Science & Technology / Art / Values Education

Outcome: To prepare the students for asking quality questions after the show and in life.

Materials: Discussion in classroom and writing

Information:

At the end of each show, when time permits, Alpha's performers come back on stage to give the children an opportunity to ask questions.

If you have specific children who did not get their questions answered, you are more than welcome to bring them to us whilst we are packing up, to talk to us. We welcome and encourage the performers to have the maximum possible contact time with students. We are also very happy to provide autographs and personal messages to each child.

You may have had actors in your school before who answer questions after their performance.

Here is how we do it differently:

- ◆ It is almost 'part of the show'.
- ◆ We have a voiceover introduction and 'pump-up' music before the actors come back out on stage. It is always important that children are in a 'peak state' to ask and answer questions
- ◆ The actors will come out in costume, but as 'themselves' (not in character). They will remain energised and enthusiastic, rather than showing fatigue (even if the Actors themselves are fatigued at all)

Activity:

Get the students to brainstorm various question 'areas'. There are multiple types of questions to ask, that coincide with the possible Learning Areas above. Then brainstorm 1 or 2 great questions in each area.

You may want to also run the 'sensory acuity' activity below.

It's important to reinforce the purpose of the question time. Ask them what they think their focus should be during the time. If they ask a question that is silly, the purpose of that would be to make people laugh. If they ask a question where the whole audience finds out some really great valuable information, the purpose is to provide a worthwhile and beneficial experience for the whole audience. We reward 'clever questions' so the more preparation, the more reward!

You can then follow up with a discussion about how a great truth in life is the importance of questions and how they effect our lives.

The quality of life is in direct proportion to the quality of the questions we ask, especially those we ask on a consistent basis

So mastering this area of our life is imperative. If we're always asking a question like 'why do I always get it wrong', our brain comes up with an answer ('cause you're an idiot!'). If we ask quality questions like, 'How can I do my best and have fun at the same time?' you'll always come up with a better answer!

QUESTION TIME (continued):

EXAMPLES of QUESTION AREAS POSSIBLE TO ASK US ABOUT:

- ◆ So **Literacy questions** are about the story, how we told it, the script, the humour, our version of the story and our choices we made.

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ALPHASHOWS - **PRE-SHOW** ACTIVITIES for *Beauty and the Beast*



- ◆ **Theatre questions** are about the show, bringing theatre into a school etc.
- ◆ **Music questions** are about our song selections, the live singing, how we learnt to sing etc.
- ◆ **Performing Arts** questions are about acting, role playing, creating a character, character choices, how we got cast, auditions, the experience of being an actor.
- ◆ **Science & technology questions** are about the set, how we built them, the construction methods we used, how long it took, how we planned to do it, what skills were needed etc.
- ◆ **Art questions** are about the costumes and the set painting.
- ◆ **Values Education questions** are about the embedded messages in the show, the role models of the performers and what we hoped the children learnt during the show about how to live life with passion, enthusiasm and success.

Below are some examples of good questions and also some examples of questions we've received in the past (some not so good!). Great questions (ones where we'll answer something really useful to the experience) are marked with an *

Rehearsals and Preparation

- *How long does it take to rehearse?
- Where do you rehearse the show?
- *Who makes up the dances?
- *Who writes the shows?
- Was it hard to learn your lines?

The Set-up

- *How long does it take to set the set up?
- *Who made/painted the sets?
- What's behind the set?
- Where did you get the costumes?
- How do you get changed so quickly?
- *Where does the smoke come from?
- *How do the lights/music/sound work?
- Were the swords real?

Beauty and the Beast Specific

- Why is it different to the Disney movie?
- Why were there extra characters?
- ***Why was Gaston so mean?
- ***Why is Jiggins so funny? Is he always that funny?
- How did the magic work?
- ***How/Why did the Beast become a Prince?
- Did Scooter really wee on Gaston's leg?
- Would Scooter take her costume off?
- *Why did Belle fall in love with the Beast?
- ***How do you change a belief? Aren't they 'true' things that we can't change?

The Company

- **What other shows does Alpha do?
- How many shows have you done?
- *Which show are you doing next year?
- ***Why do you do shows like this in schools?
- Whose idea was it to perform in schools?
- *Do you perform anywhere in the school holidays?

The Performers

- *How did you all get to be in the show?
- *What acting training have you done?
- *Where/How did you learn to dance/sing?
- How old are you?
- *How does it feel to be an actor?
- *Do you get scared/nervous?
- Have you ever been on TV?

- *What other shows have you been in?
- *What is your favourite thing about performing?
- What is your favourite colour?
- What is your hair like?

Please note: "Question Time" sessions are an extra value in addition to the show your school has purchased from Alpha, provided free of charge – as a result, we cannot guarantee that we will have time – especially if we have another school to go to afterwards, or if it is already too close to the end of your school day. If this is the case, please feel free to allow children to speak to the performers as they pack up.

➔ Alpha-Writing

Learning Area: Literacy

Outcome: To engage children in passionate creative writing in response to the Alpha Show.

Materials: Writing materials

Information: Alpha shows can inspire much enthusiasm and creativity. Harness this energy to create amazing creative writing!

Activity:

For K-2:

Storytelling. Seat them in a circle and using one of our story starters below, begin the story. One by one in the circle, the children can contribute a line to the story, each taking the story in their own crazy direction.

- ie.
- 1) Once there was a rabbit who loved to dance.
 - 2) He would dance all around his little house.
 - 3) Then he fell and broke his leg!
 - 4) So he couldn't dance any more.
 - 5) He was so sad that his friend, the frog, wanted to cheer him up.
 - 6) He said, "Why don't we try doing something different? What about knitting?"
and so on and so on.)

For Gr 3-4:

Choose a character and write an entry in their diary

ALPHASHOWS - **PRE-SHOW** ACTIVITIES for *Beauty and the Beast*

Alpha-Writing (continued...)



For Gr 5-6

1. Write a newspaper article about the events of the story, 'Extra Extra! Report of new hero doing amazing feats!' "Editorial on our gods: Are they perfect? Do they have humanities best interest at heart?"
2. Write your own Fairytale, play or pantomime, brainstorm the elements of these stories ie
Characters: an evil magical person, a good magical person, a mother, a wolf, a prince, a princess, a cow, a king, a narrator, a grandmother, a boy/girl, a fairy, a goblin, a bossy person
Place: a castle, a dark wood, a cottage, a cloud in the sky, up a tree, in the city,
Events: falling asleep, getting married, running away, meeting a magical creature, finding treasure
Then put it all together! Remember the happy ending!
3. Choose from one of our 'Story Starters' to create their own fairy tale.

Story Starters:

- ◆ *Once upon a time, in a deep dark wood, in a teeny tiny cottage with a straw roof, lived a big rat. His name was Claude.*
- ◆ *Deep, deep down in the ocean as I was minding my own business...*
- ◆ *Way back in the back hills where even the ants didn't go, I remember...*
- ◆ *In old grandmother's trunk there was a ...*
- ◆ *There once was a rabbit who loved to dance*
- ◆ *My grandmother used to tell me home is where the heart is. I did not understand what she meant by that until one stormy night when ...*
- ◆ *Long ago, in a faraway place, there was a land filled with wonder. In this fantastic place there was a little girl. She was very special, for she had magic...*
- ◆ *It started out just like any other school day. I finished the last soggy pieces of cereal from my bowl full of milk. (I always pour too much!) But as I grabbed my coat and ran out the door, I couldn't believe my eyes!*

➔ **Alpha Shows Performance Style**

Learning Area: Literacy / Performing Arts / Theatre

Outcome: To develop an understanding of Alpha's traditions, our conventions and how to be an ideal audience to enrich the experience of an Alpha Show. ***This section is HIGHLY RECOMMENDED for all teachers to use with all students to ensure maximum value.***

Information: Alpha Shows allow the students to be free and to yell out and talk to the characters. Alpha's versions of stories are usually significantly different than anything they have seen before. Explore the value of doing this with your children, and how using theatre and our special format of theatre helps bring new life to classic stories.

Energy and Pace

You may like to look at how the energy and pace of the show varied considerably, to parts with only dialogue, to lots of songs, to slow bits, to parts where a LOT was happening all at once... this is all part of the theatre experience and also necessary for children to have parts where they can tune out for a moment and chat to each other, and to let it integrate into their subconscious, and take a break! The structure of the shows is all done on purpose. Generally Alpha shows are high energy and pace, to ensure children don't get bored. They are far more impatient than an adult audience, as they pick up on the crux of a scene immediately and don't always need all the details.

ALPHASHOWS - **PRE-SHOW** ACTIVITIES for *Beauty and the Beast*

Therefore, we always speak fast, move each scene along quickly etc (which can sometimes be too fast for adults!).



HOWEVER, you could prep your children in advance to ensure they are listening at the right times, and not taking advantage of the style of the show which allows them essentially to do what they like. You can use the following activity for this purpose or your own way of teaching awareness of when to listen and when to actively participate. **This is up to you – as the actors will not ‘punish’ children for being loud and having fun during the show.** If you think they should listen, prepare them to do so in advance (not at the show by shooshing as this is too distracting)

Activity: Screaming & Listening

To get an idea of what an Alpha show is like

Ask a simple question, like, ‘do you think Arthur can do it?’. Prepare them in advance, to yell yes at the tops of their voices, scream, do ‘wohoo’s’ or whatever else. And then visibly and physically ‘cut’ them, and see how fast they can stop and listen again. As soon as you ‘cut’ them, tell them some hard to remember information, and test to see who remembered it. This is a great game for preparing them for what an Alpha show is like and how they’ll be yelling out at some points, and listening at others.

Activity: Sensory Acuity Game

You should also promote the skill of ‘sensory acuity’ so they know when it is NOT time to ‘yell out’! Sensory acuity is a useful skill in all areas of life!

You could play a game where children pair up and one tells a story and the other, without speaking, gives the storyteller cues about what they’re feeling, whether they like the story or hate it, or other things. You, as the teacher/facilitator, can come round holding up cards behind the storyteller like “You need to go to the toilet” to tell the non-talker what to ‘act out’. After it’s over you can see how much the storyteller picked up about the other person, by using their skills of ‘Sensory Acuity’.

➔ Alpha's audience participation elements

Learning Area: Literacy / Performing Arts / Theatre

Outcome: To become very familiar with the specific chances to participate in the show

Information:

Alpha Shows borrow from the pantomime genre many traditions which increase the level of audience participation eg. "He's behind you" and "Ohhh no you're not" etc. as well as 'booing the villain'. The clichés and most traditions of pantomime are always honoured by Alpha shows – and we also have created new ways for an audience to interact with us, most specifically, with the 'closed eye processes' in the show as well as other fun creations we've had over the years.

Discuss how we use this as a tool to create fun in stories in ways not possible with other formats, especially non-live formats (you wouldn't bother booing a villain in a TV show, as they can't hear you! How boring is that!). Vocal participation by children is important in our shows, and whilst our stories will structure it and educate how it works during the show in the best way possible, initially children may not realise they can yell out – especially if your group is very well behaved, it may be a new experience for them!

You can encourage and let them know it is part of the experience to join in with the singing, dancing, the booing and being a part of the story by answering questions - we'll remind them during the show as well.

On the other hand, some children will take the opportunity too far, and whilst our shows are structured in the best way possible to control over-the-top participation, you may like to also discuss how your children should recognise when to yell-out and when not to. As mentioned, it's a great skill to learn for life in general! The activity above will help with this.

If you want to know more about the history of pantomime, visit this website. Note however, that Alpha shows are not really a pantomime, we just borrow a few techniques from the genre.

Visit the following website for more info on pantomime genre:

<http://www.its-behind-you.com/history.html>

ACTIVITY: Alpha's audience participation elements

You can practice all the different Alpha traditions in class. It makes the show extra fun if children have a few clichés that they can look for and really get excited about doing. Try these out:



1. **"Oh no you're not"**. At some stage during the show, the villain will ask a question like "I am the most gorgeous beauty in the entire world, aren't I boys and girls?". The audience's response should be "Oh no you're not!". The villain then responds with "Oh yes I am", audience with "Oh no you're not", etc. It repeats 3 times at which point the story moves on. Not every show uses this as it can drag on a bit.
2. **"He's Behind You!"**. This is where a character is looking for another character and can't find them, but the audience CAN see the other character. At one point, the other character will be behind them, and will ask "Where is he boys and girls?" At this point, the audience should respond with "He's behind you!"
3. **"BOOING THE VILLAIN"**. Whilst we agree that 'booing' isn't something that should be encouraged in normal day to day life, it is a time honoured tradition and we believe we should keep it. It is also a brilliant way for the audience to band together in opposition to what the villain represents – ie. nastiness, selfishness and being mean! Remember to remind the children to be aware of when to stop 'booing' so that the story can continue. In King Arthur, there is NO villain to begin with. So booing will not be necessary for most of it, until they start acting like a villain (which will be obvious). Talk to your students about this.
4. **Answering Questions**. In addition, the audience will help the characters along the way with anything from simple 'yes's' to sometimes more involved answers or repeating things. It will usually seem like the audience is actually affecting the action (sometimes they really are!). It's great when an audience altogether really believes this so try to explain how they are part of the story and can involve themselves.
5. **"Say Yes!"**. During all of our shows, we have the audience repeating phrases or otherwise engaging in helping one of the characters 'grow' and expand on the lesson of the story. Whilst doing this, the audience learns new things about themselves and the world. It will *usually* involve 'standing up' as an audience. Encourage them to play full out during these sequences, as these sequences are the chance to have the most beneficial experience from our show, the chance to become 'stronger' or 'more awesome' in every way – surely something all children are interested in deep down. It will often involve **STANDING TALL**, strong and focussed (ie. Not talking, and not fooling around with their friends), Saying **"YES"** in a really powerful and strong way, squeezing their fist or putting their hand on their heart, and repeating a certain personal development phrase like "All I need is within me now" (different for every show). It's important for teachers to participate in these sequences too, and encourage all students to stand up and do it too. If you know of certain students who are unlikely to participate, have them seated at the sides near you, and ensure they are not distracting or discouraging other students to get the value out of the process.

Apart from that, strange as it seems, we love the random call outs from the audience. It keeps us on our toes and helps us grow as performers as well! If it's actually understandable and feasible, the actors will attempt to address what was said and go with it, much to everyone's amusement! So again, an important point – as long as a child isn't being obscene, if they yell out random stuff, **PLEASE don't tell them to shoosh as it spoils it for them** and we don't get a chance to play with them in a unique way for you! It also generates a negative anchor to participating in 'theatre'. Although remember to watch for children taking the opportunity too far and spoiling the plot and non-participative moments. This may require that you move children or yes, even shoosh them surreptitiously.

➔ **'Fly Away' finalé song**

Learning Area: Music



Outcome: To increase skills in performance, singing and music. To enhance the show by teaching and learning Alpha's finalé song so that everyone can join in at the end with every Alpha Show.

Information:

The final song in the show is just great to join in with, so it's up to you how much you decide to take advantage of this special event visiting your school. The song is our original song first used in 2009, so once we've performed it for a while you'll start to know it. You can speed this process up by practicing in class.

Activity:

Learn or listen to the song "Fly Away" by Alpha Shows – it's Alpha's finale for all our shows. You could even choreograph a dance to the song and join in at the end. We punch our fists in the air for the 'Say Yes' parts. You can download off our website the song in the Downloads section, and/or it may be included in your Touring Pack. <http://www.alphashows.com.au/downloads/>

The lyrics are on the next page.

For an advanced activity, have your children go to:

<http://www.alphashows.com.au/curriculum/> or <http://www.alphashows.com.au/theatre-in-education/>

And analyse the curriculum content of the shows as shown on the curriculum page above. Then look at the lyrics, and ask the following questions:

1. What do you notice about all the lyrics?
2. This was Alpha's first song we wrote entirely fresh (without using inspiration of another song and backing track etc). In the past we have not done this, as we wanted the audience to always recognise and automatically be able to sing along with every song in the show. Do you think having an original song as our finale will work? Why?
3. Go through the lyrics and match up each one to one of the values messages listed on the curriculum web page on our website. Each core value relates to 1 particular show, but they also cross over. Some lyrics are just simply lyrical and musical or related to fun as well, or just a general positive message.
4. Now that you've matched up the lyrics with each value, do you think the song is successful in covering all of the shows core messages and wrapping them up nicely?
5. Why do you think we used the words "SAY YES" repeatedly throughout the song in the 2nd and 3rd choruses? What is the relevance of getting an audience to say YES? This was very similar to the old song we used, do you remember what word we used there (based on the S Club 7 song we borrowed for our finale). Do you think SAY YES is a better message? Why?
6. Learn the chorus and choreograph a dance, and perform it for your class. If you have access to the real song, download it and learn it properly. We look forward to seeing you join in with us at the end of the show!

FLY AWAY – ALPHA SHOWS

Lyrics by Toby Wilkins, Ben Jackson & Katja Glieson
Music by Toby Wilkins

Arranged & Produced by Ben Jackson

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When you're feeling blue
I'll be there to see you through
You've got a friend in me
Because I've got a friend in you
And if you think you've lost your way
Don't worry cause I'm here to stay
And we will laugh our cares away

Tomorrow is a brand new day
If you look inside you'll see
The way to let yourself be free
With life before us,
All part of one great chorus

If you look inside your heart
You'll see that you and me
Are destined for the start of
something wonderful

And so we'll fly
Fly Away Now
Yes we'll fly
It's a brand new day now
We'll fly where our hearts take us
Nobody's gonna make us
Come back down
We'll Fly away now
To the ground
I can say now
That if you be you and I'll be me
There's nothing that we can't be

You have got the strength
To make a brand new day
When you leave the past behind
you
There'll be nothing in your way

There's something out there just
for you
That's where you'll find your
hopes come true

There's so much more that we can
do
But we will get each other
through

If you feel that you may fall
Then I'll help you, you'll help us all

Follow all your hopes and dreams

Have the courage to believe

And say YES!
Fly away now

SAY YES!

To a brand new day now
You create your path
Choose to follow your own heart

And say YES!
Fly away now
SAY YES!

To all that comes your way now
Find the light so you can see
Let your heart shine bright and
free

Together we are one
On our journey to what we'll
become

We'll all play our part

You'll be my hero and I'll be your
heart

And we'll find

When it's time
Say YES!
Be all you can be
Say YES!
And stand tall with me
Say YES!
Look inside of you
Say YES!
Then see what you can do

And say YES!

Fly away now

SAY YES!

To a brand new day
now

You create your path

Choose to follow
your own heart

And say YES!

Fly away now

SAY YES!

To all that comes
your way now

Find the light so you
can see

Let your heart shine
bright and free

AND SAY YES!

(repeat chorus)